

# VMoodle (local) : Installation



## Introduction



**Warning** : Setting up a virtualized array of moodle assumes you have a good knowledge of moodle administration and installation, and a correct background in LAMP application administration.

ActiveProlearn can provide full support in helping building, setting up and training exploitation staff to master the architecture.

## Installation

What you basically need to virtualize a Moodle installation is:

- Install your moodle using a non virtualized codebase as a main moodle instance.
- Add/Install the VMoodle plugin.
- Add/Install VMoodle block and report plugins.
- Configure a local/vmoodle/vconfig.php on the local/vmoodle/vconfig-dist.php base.
- Plug in to your main configuration script the VMoodle trap sequence.
- Report some patches in the /mnet implementation if you are planning using MNET and want to get MNET stable over time.

## Components installation

- Download the zips from the repositories (local\_vmoodle, block\_vmoodle and report\_vmoodle) and extract respectively the archives in '/local', '/blocks' and '/report' directory in your moodle.
- Browse to the Administration Notifications to terminate installation.

After plugins have been installed, your moodle is still NOT capable to answer to virtual domains. Your virtualized installation keeps working as a standard moodle.

Note that we DO NOT support any more the pre-28 version.

## Virtualisation file Configuration

This file is located in /local/vmoodle as vconfig.php and is responsible of the configuration switch. The configuration settings allow you to point where the vmoodle definition register is located.

Usually you will use the database of your primary installation to store the main register. It is also possible to move this register to another DB instance as long as the name of the table `{PREFIX}_local_vmoodle` is conserved.

A template file is provided as `<moodleroot>/local/vmoodle/vconfig-dist.php`. Copy this file as `vconfig.php` and change adequate values inside. The `vconfig.php` could be relocated anywhere in your server as long as the main `config.php` is able to include it.

In most case, you will simply have to report your main dbsettings in this file.

## Update the main configuration file of Moodle

The virtualisation trap need to be set in the master configuration of Moodle as any entrance page of moodle will call it at startup.

Updates are needed in order to:

- hook the configuration switch for standard use
- add special conditionality for CLI script (VMoodle enabled scripts)
- Configure some network related behaviour when using MNET cross-services.

Hooking the `vconfig.php` will be the point where the current configuration (working database and moodledata volume) will switch.

### Hooking the virtual configuration switch

The main point about this hooking is that it **MUST** be placed before calling the `setup.php` include in your `config.php` file.

```
... {CLI VMoodle Hook} ...
```

```
require(</path/to/moodleinstall>/local/vmoodle/vconfig.php');
```

```
require_once(dirname(__FILE__) . '/lib/setup.php');
```

### Adding the CLI hook

#### What issue it solves:

Standard cli script just play the operations loading the standard configuration. VMoodle switches the configuration dynamically analysing the current HTTP required hostname or URL. In CLI mode you do NOT have this information in the execution environment and the admin needs to provide it in some way.

The CLI VMoodle hooking allows the following process to occur:

- The CLI script starts and loads an incomplete moodle configuration (just getting the vmoodle register db description),

- The script receives the command line parameters in which a `--host` additional option has been added.
- The script reloads the full configuration file till the end, activating the virtualisation switch.

Add the following code to your `config.php` file before including `vconfig.php`:

```
// this fragment will trap the CLI scripts trying to work for a virtual
node, and
// needing booting a first elementary configuration based on main config
if (isset($CLI_VMOODLE_PRECHECK) && $CLI_VMOODLE_PRECHECK == true) {
    $CLI_VMOODLE_PRECHECK = false;
    return;
}
```

**Important** : Only adapted CLI script will be able to process data in virtual submoodles. Most of the standard admin scripts have been adapted and are provided in the `/local/vmoodle/cli` directory. In additions we added for each standard script a bulk script for launching each script on the complete register.

Note : use the `--help` command-line attribute to see the options.

## Global configuration keys having an influence on the VMoodle behaviour

```
$CFG->mainhostprefix = 'http://someprefixthatmatchsmymainmoodle';
```

Cette clef permet d'expliquer quel est le Moodle principal à tout moment. Ceci est utile pour certains composants associés à la virtualisation qui doivent reconnaître, une fois leur configuration acquise, s'il sont le Moodle principal ou s'ils sont virtuels.

```
$CFG->forced_plugins_settings['user_mnet_hosts']['admin_override'] = true;
```

Cette clef permet de forcer le bloc [User Mnet Hosts \(Mes hôtes du réseau\)](#) à laisser exceptionnellement passer les administrateurs principaux locaux (compte admin) à travers le réseau. Un exemple courant d'utilisation est après l'appel à `vconfig.php` :

```
$CFG->forced_plugins_settings['user_mnet_hosts']['admin_override'] = false;
if (preg_match('#'.$CFG->mainhostprefix.'#', $CFG->wwwroot)) {
    $CFG->forced_plugins_settings['user_mnet_hosts']['admin_override'] =
true;
}
```

Dans cette configuration, seul l'administrateur local de la plate-forme principal pourra visiter les autres plates-formes. Les administrateurs locaux des Moodle virtuels se verront afficher un refus de circuler. La raison de cette précaution est que la circulation des utilisateurs réplique les comptes dans les plates-formes visitées. Ceci peut conduire à de nombreuses confusions que de détenir dans toutes les plates-formes les administrateurs locaux de toutes les autres.

```
$CFG->mnetsiteadmins = true;
```

Cette clef permet de modifier le comportement de la pile MNET en autorisant des comptes externes (réseau) à être administrateurs de site localement.

## Mise en oeuvre du cron virtualisé

### Mise en place à partir de cron simples

Un plate-forme Moodle fonctionne avec une tâche cron associée qui effectue tout un ensemble de tâches automatiques et cadencées sur les données de Moodle.

La mise en oeuvre de plates-formes virtualisées nécessite également de mettre en oeuvre ces tâches pour chacune des instances virtuelles qui sont créées dans la virtualisation.

En HTTP, vous pouvez enregistrer vos tâches cron sur les domaines d'exploitation propres de vos instances, comme vous le feriez pour des plates-formes standard. Par contre, pour une mise en oeuvre par script serveur utiliser le script standard `/admin/cli/cron.php` n'est pas possible, car ce type d'appel ne fournit aucune informations permettant au basculement virtuel de se faire.

Pour obtenir un basculement effectif de l'instance de service, utilisez à la place le script :

```
/local/vmoodle/cli/cron.php --host=http://my_virtual.mymoodledomain.com
```

en précisant explicitement la racine wwwroot que vous voulez adresser.

### Utilisation de l'ordonnanceur de cron

VMoodle fournit en plus un ordonnanceur de cron qui est lancé sur l'installation principale, et est capable de faire "tourner" automatiquement le déclenchement des crons virtuels de toutes les instances. Vous pouvez utiliser ce script en mode HTTP ou en mode script :

```
wget http://main.mymoodledomain.com/local/vmoodle/vcron.php
```

ou

```
sudo -uwww-data php /root/to/moodle/local/vmoodle/cli/vcron.php
```

La fréquence de rotation de l'ordonnanceur de cron doit être très rapide afin de permettre que chaque site virtuel soit activé suffisamment souvent.

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